

SUNNYDOWN SCHOOL MATHEMATICS CURRICULUM PLAN

Subject	Mathematics (KS4)	Year group	Y11 PW2
Subject Intent	applying their mathematics to a way breaking down problems into a set them to exam style questions and support where needed. We take it confident with the fundamental man increasingly demanding world including: calculating, using the new treatment of the support where the support where the support was a support where the support where the support was a support was a support where we support was a support was a support where the support was a support where the support was a support was a support where the support was a support was a support was a support where the support was a su	variety of routine and non-routine eries of simpler steps. Our intention of techniques. There will be opported into consideration the particular mathematical concepts they will reaching will enable students to umber system, accuracy, algebra units and scales, measuring shap	learnt in Y10, by promoting solving problems by e problems with increasing sophistication, including ion is to consolidate learning in Y10 by exposing tunities for both extension activities and bespoke needs of our students and encourage them to feel need to make them numerate and competitive in a know more and remember more in areas and, fraction, properties of shapes, percentages, sees, number properties, functionals and graphs,

Term	Topic	Core learning	Key concepts	Sequencing
Autumn 1	Calculating	 Order of operations decimals 	 Use conventional notation for priority of operations, including brackets, powers, roots and reciprocals (BIDMAS) Apply multiplication, including formal written methods, to decimals Apply division, including formal written methods, to decimals 	Building on Students' ability to calculate accurately using BIDMAS as well as calculating with decimals as taught in Y9 Autumn 1. Building towards Extension and challenging questions that include calculating with decimals. As well as BIDMAS questions that focus on the extension.

The number system	 Using the number system effectively Understandin g standard form 	 Understand and use place value for integers and decimals of any size Order positive and negative integers and decimals Use the symbols =, ≠, <, >, ≤, ≥ Use the number line as a model for ordering of the real numbers Order positive and negative integers Understand and use place value when calculating with decimals Recognise and use relationships between operations, including inverse operations Interpret standard form A x 10n, where 1 ≤ A < 10 and n is an integer 	Building on Taking students basic knowledge of notation, including less than, greater than and equal to and checking they are able to implement this. As well as their ability to multiply and divide by powers of 10. Taught in Y7 Autumn 2. Building towards Understanding how standard form works and how to convert between ordinary numbers and standard form, then to calculate with standard form focussing on all four operations and application in problem solving.
Accuracy	 Significance Approximation n 	 Round numbers and measures to an appropriate degree of accuracy Estimate answers Check calculations using approximation and estimation, including answers obtained using technology 	Building on Students' ability to round to various degrees of accuracy. E.g. 1-3 d.p as taught in Y7 Autumn 2. Building towards Applying their ability to round to contextualised problems such as giving answers to various types of questions in various forms of rounding. This includes estimations of calculations as well as limits of accuracy and, particularly to solve problems in these topics.

Autumn 2	Starting algebra	 Working with more complex equations Solving equations with brackets 	 Solve linear equations in one unknown algebraically (including those with the unknown on both sides of the equation) Derive an equation, solve the equation, and interpret the solution Simplify and manipulate algebraic expressions by multiplying a single term over a bracket Solve linear equations in one unknown algebraically (including those with the unknown on both sides of the equation) Derive an equation, solve the equation, and interpret the solution 	Building on Understanding algebraic terminology and students ability to collect like terms and multiply various terms taught in Y9 Autumn 2. Also building on students ability to take a sentence expressing something (words formulae) that can then be formed into either an expression or equation taught in Y7 Summer 2. Building towards Solving equations with variables on both sides, deriving equations, changing the subject of formulae with increasing difficulty and working with identities.
	Fractions	 Working with mixed numbers Dividing fractions Angles in triangles and quadrilaterals 	 Apply addition, subtraction, and multiplication, including formal written methods to improper fractions and mixed numbers Use division, including formal written methods, applied to proper and improper fractions 	Building on Students ability to simplify and find equivalent fractions. To apply four operations to fractions and order them using equa/not equal and less than/greater than symbols. Taught in Y9/Y8 Spring 1 and Y7 Autumn 2. Building towards Applying four operations to mixed number fractions and extending this by applying this skill to contextualised problems E.g. finding areas of 2D shapes using fractions, spot the mistake, fraction of amounts etc.

	Properties of shapes	 Angles in parallel lines Angles in polygons 	 Understand and use alternate and corresponding angles on parallel lines Use the sum of angles in a triangle (e.g. to deduce and use the angle sum in any polygon, and to derive properties of regular polygons) 	Building on Understanding of basic angle facts and notation, such as the notation used to identify angles (∠ABC) and how to find them. Understanding of properties of a circle. Taught in Y7 Spring 2. Building towards Ability to find missing angles in parallel lines and polygons, recalling angle facts to use as reasoning and formulae. Being able to use proof to define congruence between shapes, particularly triangles.
Spring 1	Percentages	 Applying % increase and decrease Finding % change Reverse % Repeated % increase and decrease 	 Define percentage as 'number of parts per hundred' Express one quantity as a percentage of another Compare two quantities using percentages Interpret percentages as operators Order decimals and fractions Work interchangeably with terminating decimals and their corresponding fractions Interpret percentages as a fraction or a decimal, interpret these multiplicatively Work with percentages greater than 100% Solve problems involving percentage change, including: percentage increase/decrease and simple interest in financial mathematics Solve problems involving percentage change, including original value problems Interpret percentages and percentage changes as a fraction or a decimal, and interpret these multiplicatively Set up, solve and interpret the answers in growth and decay problems, including compound interest 	Building on Students ability to multiply and divide by powers of 10 (10, 100, 1000) etc. Taught in Y7 Autumn 2. Students ability to simplify, find equivalent and order fractions. Taught in Y9 Spring 1. Building towards Compound interest and applying this in contextual problems. Reverse % and extended application of & increase and decrease.

Sequences	 Linear sequences Special sequence 	 Recognise and use sequences of simple arithmetic progressions Generate terms of a sequence from a term-to-term rule or a position-to-term rule Deduce expressions to calculate the nth term of linear sequences Recognise and use sequences of triangular, square and cube numbers and Fibonacci type sequences Generate terms of a sequence from a term-to-term rule or a position-to-term rule 	Building on Students ability to recognise patterns in visual and number sequences, including finding missing patterns/numbers and some exploration of the nth term of linear sequences. Taught in Y9 Autumn 2. Building towards Finding the nth term of various types of number sequences, including linear and quadratic and to be able to use and generate cubic and geometric sequences.
Ratio and proportion	 Sharing a given ratio Working with proportional 	 Divide a given quantity into two parts in a given part:part or part:whole ratio Express the division of a quantity into two parts as a ratio Apply ratio to real contexts and problems (such as those involving conversion, comparison, scaling, mixing, concentrations) Relate ratios to fractions Working with proportional quantities	Building on Students ability to interpret the notation and meaning of ratios. Students' ability to simplify ratios and share a value amongst a given ratio. Taught in Y8 Summer 1 and Y9 Summer 2.
	quantities	 Understand and use proportion as equality of ratios Solve problems involving direct proportion Use compound units such as rates of pay and unit pricing 	Building towards Working with ratios and applying this skill to problems in a context. Working with direct and inverse proportion and understanding the difference and putting direct and inverse proportions into a formula.

Spring 2	Units and scales	 Scale drawings Compound units 	 Use scale factors, scale drawings and maps Use ratio notation Interpret maps and scale drawings Measure line segments and angles in geometric figures Use standard compound measures Use and change freely between compound units (e.g. speed, rates of pay, prices) 	Building on Students' ability to convert between units of length, mass and time. Taught in Y7 Spring 2. Building towards Scaled Drawings, bearings and converting between units of area and volume. Finding compound units like speed, distance and time as well as density, mass and volume and applying this skill in problems.
	Measuring shapes	 Area of a circle Pythagoras' theorem 	 Know the formula: area of a circle = πr2 Calculate areas of circles and composite shapes Know the formula for Pythagoras' theorem a2 + b2 = c2; apply it to find lengths in right-angled triangles in two dimensional figures 	Building on Students ability to find area and perimeter of regular polygons. Taught in Y9 Autumn 1. Students' ability to find the circumference of circles. Taught in Y9 Autumn 1.
				Building towards Finding the area of circles. Learning Pythagoras theorem and its application in problem solving as well as finding missing lengths in cuboids using 3D pythagoras. Identifying properties of a circle in order to find the length of arcs and areas of sectors.

	Number properties	•	Index notation Prime factorisation	 Use positive integer powers and associated real roots (square, cube and higher) Recognise powers of 2, 3, 4, 5 Calculate with positive Integer indices Use the concepts and vocabulary of prime numbers, factors (divisors), multiples, common factors, common multiples, highest common factor, lowest common multiple, prime factorisation, including using product notation and the unique factorisation theorem 	Building on Students ability to recall factors and multiples of numbers. Students' ability to recall prime numbers. Students' ability to recognise roots and powers of positive integers. All taught in Y7, 8 and 9 Spring 2.
					Building towards Prime factorisation and its applications, including using products of primes to find the HCF/LCM. Learning the laws of indices and applying to various problems.
Summer 1	Functions and Graphs	•	The equation of a straight line Plotting quadratic and cubic graphs	 Plot graphs of equations that correspond to straight-line graphs in the coordinate plane Identify and interpret gradients and intercepts of linear functions graphically and algebraically Recognise, sketch and interpret graphs of linear functions Recognise, sketch and interpret graphs of quadratic functions and simple cubic functions Find approximate solutions to quadratic equations using a graph 	Building on Students ability to build scales on x-axis and y-axis. Evenly space them out with even distribution. Understanding the direct relationships between two variables and being familiar with variables that are commonly plotted on graphs. (E.g. distance and time, speed and time etc). Taught in Y9 Summer 1.
					Building towards Finding the equations of straight lines, plotting and sketching quadratic and cubic graphs, recognising various types of

Constructions	 Constructions with a pair of compasses Loci 	Constructions with a pair of compasses • Use the standard ruler and compass constructions (perpendicular bisector of a line segment, constructing a perpendicular to a given line from/at a given point, bisecting a given angle) • Use these to construct given figures • Know that the perpendicular distance from a point to a line is the shortest distance to the line Loci • Use the standard ruler and compass constructions (perpendicular bisector of a line segment, constructing a perpendicular to a given line from/at a given point, bisecting a given angle) • use these to construct given figures and solve loci problems • know that the perpendicular distance from a point to a line is the shortest distance to the line	graphs and the equations associated with them (reciprocal, sin, exponential, circle) Building on Basic constructions using ruler and protractor, meaning drawing 2D shapes accurately using angles and lengths with a protractor and ruler. Taught in Y8 Spring 2. Building towards Constructions using a compass and the various facts that go with knowing these constructions. Loci using constructions, mainly constructing a perpendicular line to a line from a point.
Transformations & Trigonometry	 Similarity 	 Identify, describe and construct congruent and similar shapes, including on coordinate axes by considering rotation, reflection, translation and enlargement Use scale factors Compare lengths and areas 	Building on Understanding on how to work with Cartesian coordinates in all four quadrants. Working with all four transformations. Taught in Y9 Autumn 2.

	Building towards Identifying similarity and congruence between shapes, using facts about shapes and solving problems using this proof. Learning and applying trigonometric ratios, trigonometric values as well as finding the centre of rotation.
--	---